Name:	
Science Class:	
Teacher:	
Hand in day:	

Y8 Science Term 3 Homework Booklet Physics

	Hand in Date	Parents Signature
Electricity		
Homework 1		
Homework 2		
Homework 3		
Homework 4		
Homework 5		

Year 8 Electricity

Homework 1



Static Electricity

Insulators and conductors

Fill in the gaps for the sentence below

Electrical current is the flow of	through a circu	uit. Electrons
easily through mater	ials that are	Electrons
easily through materi	als that are	

Sort the objects below into three conductors and three insulators.

Conductors	Insulators
1.	1.
2.	2.
3.	3.



Wood



Aluminium



Steel



Plastic



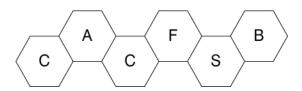
Rubber



Gold

Current and Circuit symbols





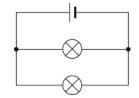
l	а	What C is the amount of electricity flowing around a circuit?							
	b What A is the instrument that measures the amount of electricity?								
	С	What C m	nakes electric	city flow in a	circuit?				
	d	What F is	the part of a	a light bulb th	nat glows? _				
	e	What S is	a componer	nt that can st	op or start t	he current flo	owingi	?	
	f	What B is	two or more	e cells used t	ogether?				
2	Tic	k the boxe	es to show if	each statem	ent is true o	r false.			
								True	False
	а	If one bul	b breaks in a	simple circu	uit, the other	bulbs will go	o off.		
b Current gets used up as it goes around a circuit.									
	С	If you put	more bulbs	into a circuit	t they will ge	t brighter.			
	d	A cell is th	ne same thin	g as a batter	y.				
3	Dra	aw the cor	rect circuit s	ymbols in th	e boxes.				
		cell		ammeter		bulb			switch

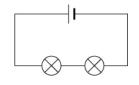
Series and Parallel Circuits



1 The diagrams show two circuits.

Write 'series' and 'parallel' under the correct circuits.





2 These statements are all about series and parallel circuits.

Tick the box to show if each statement is true or false.

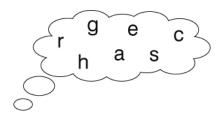
For the statements that are false, change the statement to make it correct. Write the correct statement in the space provided below.

		True	False
а	All the bulbs in a series circuit are on or off together.		
b	If you add more bulbs to a parallel circuit they get dimmer.		
С	If you break a bulb in a parallel circuit, the other bulbs stay on.		
d	The current is the same everywhere in a parallel circuit.		
e	If you add more bulbs to a series circuit the current gets bigger.		

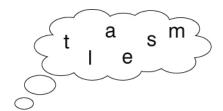
Electricity Models



- 1 Here are some mixed-up words. Put the letters in the correct order to complete the words in the sentences.
 - **a** An electric current is a flow of ______.



b These can move around easily inside ______, so these are good conductors.



c They cannot move around easily inside _____ materials



2 Draw lines to match up the boxes.

This part of the central heating system

pipes
boiler and pump
radiator
hot water

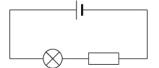
... is a model for this part of an electric circuit.

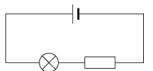
charges
wires
cell
bulb

Resistance

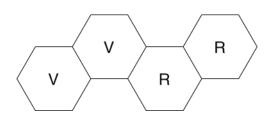


- 1 a Draw a voltmeter to measure the b Draw a voltmeter to measure the voltage of the cell.
- voltage across the bulb.





2



- What V is the unit for voltage? _____ а
- What V is the instrument used to measure voltage? b
- What R is a way of saying how easy it is for current to flow? C
- What R is a component that reduces the size of the current in a circuit?_____ d
- Draw the symbol for a variable resistor in the box.



Complete these sentences by choosing words from the brackets.

Components like bulbs have a ______ (high/low) resistance. Connecting wires have a (high/low) resistance.

When the resistance of the components in a circuit is increased, the current _____ (increases/decreases).