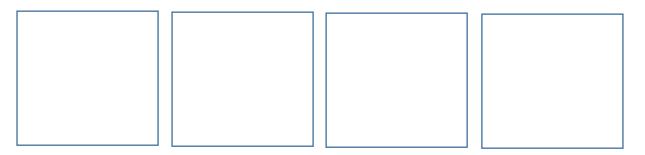
Knowledge Organiser: Religion and Life

Type of Truth	Definition	Example
Historical Truth		
Religious Truth		
Scientific Truth		

The Big Bang Theory:

Break the theory down into 4 key points:



Evidence for the Big Bang Theory: (explain each one)

Microwave background radiation:

Red Light shift:

The Hubble Telescope:

<u>Genesis</u>

- Day 1:
- Day 2:
- Day 3:
- Day 4:
- Day 5:
- Day 6:
- Day 7:

Interpretations of Genesis

Literal/fundamentalist view	Mythological view

Which do you think is a more useful view? Why?

The Theory of Evolution

Charles Darwin: Explain the theory

Evidence for Evolution

- Species tend to survive in the environment in which they live, regardless of living conditions.
- Certain species have died out suggesting they were not suitable for survival.
- Natural selection' is the idea that mutations make life forms better suited to their environment.
- DNA analysis suggests that all life on earth shares certain features.
- Scientists have proven that humans have a common ancestry with apes.
- Fossil records show animals with a simpler structure further back in time and more complex structures later.

Which is the strongest piece of evidence? Explain your choice.

Adam and Eve

Explain how Christians can approach the Adam and Eve story in different ways:

Fundamentalist view	Non-Literal view	Mythological view

Abortion

Complete the key word match-up:

Adoption	When sperm and egg meet		
Embryo	A measure of fulfilment. Life is worth living when it is of a particular standard.		
Foetus	The idea that God has favoured a couple with a child.		
Conception	Fertilised ovum at about 12– 14 days when implanted into the wall of the womb		
Viable	Religious idea that life is a Miracle and therefore should be cherished		
Blessing	The point at which a foetus could survive if it were to be born		
Fostering	Fertilised ovum at about eleven weeks when the organs have developed.		
The Miracle of Life	The legal process where a person (child) is taken (adopted) into the family as a son or daughter.		
Quality of life	The taking of a child from a different family into a family home and bringing them up with the rest of the new family. Can be short term or longer term. In Britain are paid by the Government.		

Explain two contrasting religious beliefs about Abortion. (4 marks)

1)				
	 		 	<u> </u>
	 	·····	 	
2)				_

Mark Scheme:

First way: simple explanation of a relevant and accurate influence - 1 mark detailed explanation of a relevant and accurate influence - 2 marks. Second way: simple explanation of a relevant and accurate influence - 1 mark detailed explanation of a relevant and accurate influence - 2 marks

Students may include some of the following points, but all other relevant points must be credited:

Christians are generally against abortion because they believe only God give and take life/ Roman Catholics believe in the doctrine of double effect/ The Church of England take socioeconomic situations into account/ "love thy neighbour" could be used for both sides of the argument/ Life begins at conception/ "don't murder".

Your score:



Abortion and UK Law - In 1967 abortions became legal in the UK.

Previous to 1967 women were not allowed to have an abortion. Dangerous backstreet abortions (illegal abortions carried out by untrained people) were often carried out. Under UK law, an abortion can usually only be carried out during the first 24 weeks of pregnancy as long as certain criteria are met (see below). The Abortion Act 1967 covers England, Scotland and Wales but not Northern Ireland, and states:

- abortions must be carried out in a hospital or a specialist licensed clinic
- two doctors must agree that an abortion would cause less damage to a woman's physical or mental health than continuing with the pregnancy
- There are also a number of rarer situations when the law states an abortion may be carried out after 24 weeks. These include:
- if it's necessary to save the woman's life
- to prevent grave permanent injury to the physical or mental health of the pregnant woman
- if there is substantial risk that the child would be born with serious physical or mental disabilities
- Generally, an abortion should be carried out as early in the pregnancy as possible, usually before 12 weeks and ideally before 9 weeks where possible.

What might the following religious groups say about the UK law on Abortion?

Church of England	Roman Catholic	Muslim	

Euthanasia and Death

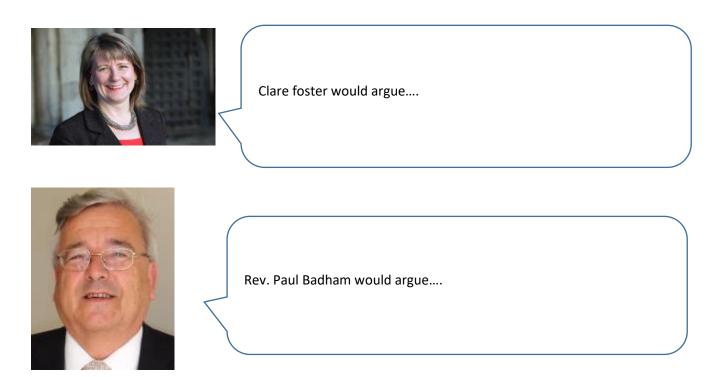
Give an example for each of the following types of Euthanasia:

Passive Euthanasia:

Active Euthanasia:

Voluntary Euthanasia:

Involuntary Euthanasia:



Hospices

What are the 3 aims of a Hospice?

1)

2)

3)

Define the following key words:

Hospice:

Palliative care:

Terminally ill:

Environmental Ethics

Match up all the key words with their definitions:

Acid Rain	Starvation owing to drastic, far reaching food shortage	
Carbon Emissions	The cutting down of large amounts of forest, usually because of	
	business needs.	
Climate Change	Looking after the environment and protecting animals.	
Conservation	Long periods of abnormally low rainfall.	
Deforestation -	Release of greenhouse gases, such as carbon monoxide from vehicles,	
	into the atmosphere.	
Droughts	The idea that the climate is getting warmer.	
Earth Summits	The scientific concept that the world is getting warmer.	
Famine	Informal name for the UN Conferences on Environment and	
	Development	
Greenhouse Effect	Rain made through acid by contamination through pollution in the	
	atmosphere as the result of emissions from factories, vehicles, etc.	
Global Warming	Development which takes into consideration the impact on the natural	
	world for future generations.	
Natural Habitats	The trapping of heat from the sun in the lower atmosphere due to an	
	increase in carbon dioxide, methane and other pollution.	
Oil Spills	Reusing old products to make new ones.	
Pesticides	Duty; the idea that we are in charge of our own actions	
Pollution	Substances used to destroy insects and pests that attack crops.	
Recycling	Leaking of oil into the environment, usually the sea.	
Responsibility	The contamination of something, especially the environment.	
Sustainable	The places where species of plants or animals live in the wild.	
Development		

Explain two religious teachings about how human beings should treat the planet. Refer to scripture or sacred writings in your answer. (5 marks)



Mark Scheme:

First teaching: simple explanation of a relevant and accurate teaching - 1 mark detailed explanation of a relevant and accurate teaching - 2 marks Second teaching: simple explanation of a relevant and accurate teaching - 1 mark detailed explanation of a relevant and accurate teaching - 2 marks Relevant and accurate reference to scripture /or sacred writing – 1 mark.

Students may include.... but all other relevant points must be credited:

Stewardship- God has given us the responsibility to look after the planet and all its inhabitants. We have a moral duty to not pollute or damage the environment,

Dominion- God has given us power over animals and we can choose to use that however we like. This means that we could damage the environment and/or use animals for whatever purpose we choose "Rule over the fish and the seas and birds in the sky" *Genesis* – This can be interpreted in several ways.

<u>Target</u>: AO1:1 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of religion and belief, including beliefs, practices and sources of authority/ write in full detail/ avoid listing ideas/ link the ideas carefully to the question/ refer to sacred writings and quote them specifically in your work/ look at two religious beliefs rather than one/ revise religious beliefs about the natural world/ link your arguments carefully to the question/ name the religion.





Animal Rights

What is the difference between Free-Range and Factory Farming?

Free-Range Farming:

Factory Farming:

Animal testing

Complete the table

Arguments against animal testing	Arguments for animal testing

My final decision on animal testing is

Key word checker: Highlight as you use them in your answer.

Vivisection Medicine

Medical Experiments

Cosmetic Moral

Should we eat meat? Explain your opinion using as many key words as you can.

Life after death

Heaven	Purgatory	Hell

There are two kinds of Judgment in Christianity: Explain each and how it impacts on a Christian's life.

General Judgement:

Meaning:

Impact on a Christian:

Particular Judgement:

Meaning:

Impact on a Christian: