

Y9 Spanish Knowledge Organiser

Autumn 1

Grammar

Verbs expressing likes/dislikes

Me gusta/n	I like
Me encanta/n	I love
Me chifla/n	
Me flipa/n	
Me mola/n	
Me desagrada/n	I don't like
No me gusta/n	

Expressing opinions of others

Me gusta/n	I like
Te gusta/n	Do you like?
Le gusta/n	He/she likes
Nos gusta/n	We like
Les gusta/n	They like

Present tense key verb

To go	Ir
I go/am going	Voy
you go / are you going?	Vas
he/she/ it / you (polite) go /is going	Va
We go/are going	Vamos
you (plural) go / are going	Vais
They go/are going	Van

Present tense key verb

To be	ser
I am	Soy
Are you?	Eres
he/she/ you (polite) is	Es
We are	Somos
you (pl) are	Sois
They are	Son

Preterite tense irregular

To go	Ir
I went	Fui
Did you go?	Fuiste
he/she/ you (polite) went	Fue
We went	Fuimos
you (plural) went	fuistéis
They went	Fueron

Present tense ar verbs

To dance	bailar
I dance	Bailo
Do you dance?	bailas
he/she/you (polite) dances	Baila
We dance	bailamos
you (plural) dance	bailáis
They dance	bailan

Preterite tense HACER

I did **hice**
It did **hizo**
We did **hicimos**
They did **hicieron**

Preterite tense ar verbs

To dance	Bailar
I danced	bailé
Did you dance?	bailaste
he/she/ it / you (polite) danced	bailó
We danced	bailamos
you (plural) danced	bailasteis
They danced	bailaron

Key Structures

Quiero	+ infinitive form of the verb	I want
Suelo		I usually
Tengo que		I have
Tengo ganas de		I really want
Me gustaría		I would like
Antes de		Before ...ing
Decidí		I decided

Must Know Infinitives

Bailar to dance
Montar to ride
Leer to read
Cocinar to cook
Escribir to write
Sacar to take
Tocar to play (instrument)
Jugar to play
Hacer to do
Ver to watch
Celebrar to celebrate

Connectives

Furthermore - **además**
Although – **aunque**
Because - **ya que**
But – **pero**
However – **sin embargo**

Sequencers

First of all **primero**
then **luego**
Afterwards **después**
Later **más tarde**

Time Phrases

Los lunes On Mondays
Los martes On Tuesdays
Los miércoles On Wednesdays
Los jueves On Thursdays
Los viernes On Fridays
Los sábados On Saturdays
Los domingos On Sundays
Todos los fines de semana every weekend
A veces sometimes
A menudo often
Siempre always
Una vez a la semana once a week
Dos veces a la semana twice a week

Present tense used to describe an action you do. Identify the stem and add the correct endings. You don't need the subject pronoun.

Immediate Future used to say what you are going to do. Formed using the present tense of the verb to go – ir- plus a + infinitive. Used with a future time frame.
e.g. voy a bailar esta noche.
Vamos a subir unas fotos.

Modal verb – indicates possibility, doubt or obligation eg. I **can** watch TV. Formed by using the conjugated forms of poder, querrir, deber.
e.g. quiero ver una película de acción

Verbs of opinion – gustarse; encantarse. In the present tense the verb ends in only A (for single nouns) or AN (for plural nouns) it is the pronoun that changes.
e.g. le gusta Strictly Come Dancing
Nos gustan las telenovelas

Preterite Tense – past tense used to describe a completed action. Yesterday I went shopping.
e.g. Ayer fui de compras.
Stem the infinitive and add the correct ending.

Time Phrases must be used when changing tense. They are useful for adding interest to your work.

Preterite tense verbs

I watched /saw **vi**
We watched/saw **vimos**
I took **saqué**
I wrote **escribí**
I played **toqué / jugué**

Preterite tense SER

It was **fue**
They were **fueron**