

Etre	To be	Avoir	To have	Aller	To go
Je suis	I am	J'ai	I have	Je vais	I have
Tu es / es-tu?	You are / are you?	Tu as/ as-tu?	You have / do you have?	Tu vas / vas-tu?	You have / do you have?
Il/Elle est	He / she is	Il/Elle a	He / she has	Il/Elle va	He / she has
Nous sommes	We are	Nous avons	We have	Nous allons	We have
Vous êtes	You are (plural/polite)	Vous avez	You have (plural/polite)	Vous allez	You have (plural/polite)
Ils/Elles sont	They are	Ils/Elles ont	They have	Ils/Elles vont	They have

Je(ne) peux (pas)		I can(not)
Je (ne) veux (pas)		I (don't) want to
J'ai (je n'ai pas) voulu		I (didn't) want to
Je (ne) dois (pas)		I (don't)have to
Il faut		I/you/we must
Je vais / il/elle va	+ verb	I'm going to / s/he is going to...
J'aime (je n'aime pas)		I (don't) like to
J'adore / il/elle adore		I love to / s/he loves to...
Je voudrais		I would like to...

KEY INFINITIVES

habiter
 acheter
 choisir
 décider
 aimer
 préférer
 manger
 boire
 faire
 chanter
 regarder
 porter
 danser

Time Phrases

Chaque jour– every day
Une fois par semaine– once a week
Souvent– often
Toujours– always
Presque jamais– almost never
Dans l'après midi– in the afternoon
La nuit– in the evening/at night
Hier– yesterday
Hier soir– last night
Avant-hier– the day before yesterday
Il y a une semaine- a week ago
Depuis+ prsent tense – since/ for
Demain– tomorrow

Present tense -er verbs

habiter	To live
J'habite	I live
Où habites-tu?	Where do you live?
Il/Elle habite	He / she lives
Nous habitons	We live
Vous habitez	You live (plural/polite)
Ils/Elles habitent	They live

Present tense -ir verbs

Choisir	To finish
Je choisis	I choose
Choisis-tu?	Do you choose?
Il/Elle choisit	He / she choose
Nous choisissons	We choose
Vous choisissez	You choose (plural/polite)
Ils/Elles choisissent	They choose

Present tense -re verbs

prendre	To take/to have (with food/drink)
Je prends	I take/ I have
Qu'est –ce que tu prends?	What do you have?
Il/Elle prend	He / she takes/ has
Nous prenons/ on prend	We take/ have
Vous prenez	You take (plural/polite)/ have
Ils/Elles prennent	They take/ have

Prepositions

dans/devant – in/in front of
derrière - behind
entre – between
sous – under
sur – on / on top of
À côté de – next to
À droite de- to the right of
À gauche de- to the left of
En face de - opposite

Adjectives that go before the noun (**BAGS**)
B for beauty: beau (beautiful), joli (pretty)
A for age: jeune (young), vieux (old), nouveau (new)
G for goodness: bon (good), meilleur (better), mauvais (bad), gentil (kind)
S for size: petit (small), haut (high), gros (fat)

Connectives

Furthermore – **En plus**
 However– **Cependant**
 Because - **car / parce que**

Adjectives/Expressing Opinions

It bores me – **ça m'ennuie**
 It interests me - **ça m'intéresse**
 It annoys me – **ça m'énerve**
 It makes me happy – **ça me plaît**
 Je vais m'amuser – **I'm going to have fun**
 On va s'amuser – **we're going to have fun**
 confortable – **comfortable**
 moderne – **modern**
 exciting – **passionant**

Perfect tense

To eat	manger
I ate	J'ai mangé
Did you eat..?	As-tu mangé?
He/she ate	Il/elle a mangé
We ate	Nous avons mangé/ on a mangé
You (all) ate	Vous avez mangé
They ate	Ils/elles ont

Perfect tense

To drink	boire
I drank	J'ai bu
Did you drink.?	As-tu bu..?
He/she drank	Il/elle a bu
We drank	Nous avons bu/ on a bu
You (all) drank	Vous avez bu
They drank	Ils/elles ont bu

Perfect tense

To go	aller
I went	Je suis allé(e)
Did you go?	Tu es allé (e)?
He/she went out	Il/elle est allé(e)
We went	Nous sommes allé(e)s/ on est allé(e) s
You (all) went	Vous êtes allé(e)s
They went	Ils sont allé(e)s

Sentence building