TURTON SCHOOL HISTORY DEPARTMENT – KNOWLEDGE ORGANISER – JACK THE RIPPER		
Key events	**Key people**	**Key questions/words**
1. Mary Ann Nichols– 31st August 1888 2. Annie Chapman– 8th September 1888 3. Elizabeth Stride– 30th September 1888 4. Catherine Eddowes– 30th September 1888 5. Mary Jane Kelly– 9th November 1888 MOST GRUSOME All victims were prostitutes, all were killed in Whitechapel, and all were poor and drank too much alcohol. All were killed in a similar way. Whitechapel in 1888: A poor area, filled with doss houses, pubs and prostitutes. Winding, narrow alleyways. Close to the railway lines. Air thick with smog making it difficult to what's ahead of you. **Limitations of the Police Force** ¨ Problems with the new police force ¨ Police did not offer any reward ¨ Abuse of evidence ¨ Forensic Evidence ¨ The Metropolitan Police, known as Scotland Yard and the police in the heart of London did not work together to solve the case. **Things outside of their control** ¨ Red herrings ¨ The Press ¨ Unreliable witnesses	**Montague John Druitt:** Knowledge of the body, worked close by, killed himself and the murders stopped, insane, family thought he had done it. **The Royal Conspiracy:** To hide the fact the prince had an illegitimate child, one of the prostitutes was actually the wet nurse to the baby and knew of the secret. Sir William Gull, John Netly, Sir Robert Anderson **Prince Albert Victor:** Rich and educated, caught an STI which made him go insane, locked away in an insane asylum, matches some descriptions of Jack. **Aaron Kosminski:** Polish Jew, knew the area, insane, locked up in a mental hospital, identified by a witness as being Jack the Ripper, matches some descriptions.	What was London like in the 1800s? What was policing like in the 1800s? Who were the victims? Who were the suspects? Who was Jack the Ripper? Jack the Ripper, Murder, Appearance, Psychological, Policing, London, Suspects and Mystery