Year 10 GCSE Revision - Physical Education Paper 2 – Health and Performance		
Торіс	Areas for Revision	Key questions
Health and Performance 1.1 Physical, emotional and social health, fitness and well- being	Benefits of exercise on physical health: Cardiovascular fitness Body Composition Muscular Strength and Muscular Endurance Increased ability to fight off illness Reduced risk of some serious illness (Heart Attack, Stroke, Type II Diabetes and some cancers)Effects of physical activity on emotional health Feeling good Relieving stress and tension Increasing self-esteem and confidence For enjoyment For emotional/psychological challenge For aesthetic appreciationEffects on physical activity on social health Co-operation Developing friendships and social mixing Gaining a good attitude to competingThe impact of fitness on well-being	Think of specific sports and give 3 clear examples of how physical/emotional and social health can be effects by being physical active. Think of different reasons why an 11 year old boy would be taken by his parents to a football training session once a week. Now think of the reasons why a 65 year old woman would join a ball dancing group one a week.
	Promoting personal health through Personal Exercise Programme	
	Lifestyle Choices Diet Activity Level Work/Rest/Sleep balance Recreational drugs Smoking and Nicotine Alcohol	Identify the different legal and illegal recreational drugs. Name 4 for each
	Positive and negative impacts of lifestyle choices	

	The offects of smoking	
	<u>The effects of smoking</u> Shortness of breath/reduced lung capacity Heart Disease Increased blood pressure Bronchitis and lung disease High risk of death during medical operations E-cigarettes	Explain how the negative effects of smoking would adversely affect the performance of a cross country runner.
	The effects of alcohol Affects the way your brain works, changing your behaviour and making it harder for you to think clearly Damage to heart and circulatory system - potentially causes stokes or high blood pressure Liver damage (cirrhosis) Inflammation caused be toxic substances from pancreas Risk of developing some cancers Weakens your immune system	Create a small picture illustrating each of the effects negative of alcohol on the body.
1.2 The consequences of a sedentary lifestyle	A Sedentary lifestyle Issues to do with weight Depression Coronary heart disease High blood pressure Diabetes Increased risk of osteoporosis Loss of muscle tone and poor posture Impact on components of fitness Trends in physical health issues	Research the current health trends in the UK on 4 of these issues to do with a sedentary lifestyle. Summarise your findings.
1.3 Energy use, diet and hydration	A balanced diet Macronutrients, carbohydrate loading and protein intake Micronutrients, water and fibre	Explain the benefits of carbohydrate loading to the long-distance cyclist. Would the same benefits be available to a 200m sprinter? Define Dehydration. Why should protein ideally be consumed after exercise?

	Factors affecting optimum weight Overfat Overweight Optimum weight	Explain the difference between overfat, overweight and optimum weight.
		Justify why different sports performers will have different optimum weights.
	Variation in optimum weight	
	Energy balance for maintain a healthy weight Metabolic rate	Explain metabolic rate to someone at home. Are they can to understand your explanation and then explain it back to you?
	Hydration	How does the colour of your urine indicate your level of hydration?
Sports Psychology 2.1 Classification of skills	Classification of a range of sporting skills Open and Closed Basic Complex Low and High Organisational skills	Write 3 examples of each of the skill classification in sport.
	Massed Distributed Fixed Variable	In your opinion, which do you think is the best method of practice for sports performers? Does it change depending on the sport you take part in?
2.2 The use of goal setting and SMART goals to improve and/ or	Goal Setting SMART Goals Specific Measure	Create 3 different SMART Targets.

optimise	Achievable	What is the key difference
performance	Realistic	between Achievable and
performance	Time- Bound	Realistic?
		Realistic:
	Setting and reviewing targets	
2.3 Guidance and feedback on performance	Types of GuidanceVisualVerbalManualMechanical	Think of the four different types of guidance.
		Justify the type of your guidance you would most use when coaching:
	Advantages and disadvantages of different types of guidance	 -A 5-year-old to swim -A 14 year old to perform a 'set shot' in basketball -An elite tennis player to alter his serve
	Feedback to optimise performance Intrinsic Extrinsic Concurrent Terminal	Draw a table – define each feedback type and outline the possible advantages and disadvantages for using each one.
	Interpretation and analysis of feedback data	
	Mental preparation for performance	Think of your sport – explain how you mentally prepare yourself before a competition or for a specific part of the game.
3.1 Engagement patterns of different social groups in physical activity and sport	What affects who plays sport? Gender Age Socio-economic group Ethnicity Disability	Research available sports for people with disabilities in Bolton

	Influence of other people Interpreting and analysing data in graphs	
3.2 Commercialisation of physical activity and sport	Commercialisation, the media and sport Fashion Advantages and disadvantages of commercialisation	Assess the positive and negative impacts on a local football team accepting sponsorship from a betting company.
	Interpretation and analysis of graphical representation	
3.3 Ethical and social-cultural issues in physical activity	Sportsmanship and Gamesmanship	Try to find video clips of sports performers displaying sportsmanship and gamesmanship. Be able to justify your decisions.